

## Language classification according to GER

(Common European Framework of Reference for Languages)

Das Seminarhaus works with the classification system of the "Common European Framework of Reference for Languages".

The framework of reference has been developed to enable a uniform and comparable assessment of language skills of language learners. It provides a Europe-wide standard for the assessment of language skills. In contrast to many earlier classification systems, where error-oriented work was often carried out, the reference framework uses so-called "can-do statements". It describes what specific tasks a speaker can perform in the target language, e. g."Mr. Müller can actively participate in meetings on familiar professional topics".

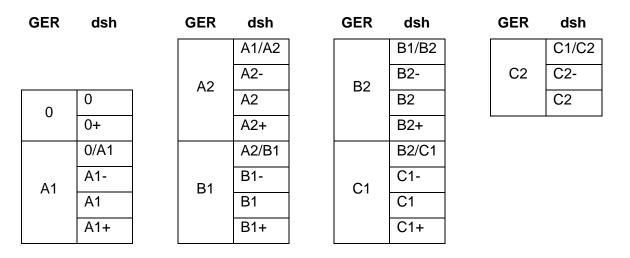
The frame of reference enables an individual and purposeful classification of the abilities of the employees. The individual skills can also be weighted as required. In this way, the different professional requirements of the learners can be addressed. For example, employees on a hotline have to speak at a very high level (B2), while others have to understand texts (quality regulations, customs documents or similar) at a very high level.

There are descriptions for many different skills. We work with a selection that is suitable for the respective professional requirements. On the following pages you will find the most frequently used criteria.

Since the 6 levels represent a very general classification, we work for all levels with a further subdivision into 4 levels, so that we have the possibility to evaluate the levels in 25 levels. This helps us to

- to form as homogeneous groups as possible,
- better document the learning progress and
- provide training steps with a detailed target definition.

Here you can see both the general and our detailed classification:



Here are the detailed descriptions of the most frequently used descriptions:

